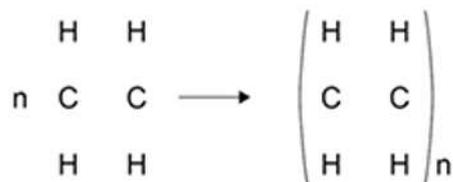




Q1. Ethene is used to produce poly(ethene).

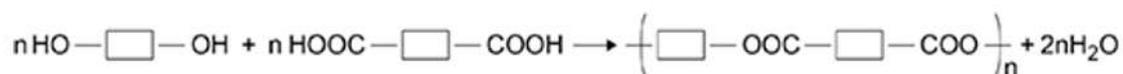
- (a) Draw the bonds to complete the displayed formulae of ethene and poly(ethene) in the equation.



(2)

- (b) Polyesters are made by a different method of polymerisation.

The equation for the reaction to produce a polyester can be represented as:



Compare the polymerisation reaction used to produce poly(ethene) with the polymerisation reaction used to produce a polyester.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(4)
(Total 6 marks)



Q2. This question is about polymers.

- (a) The polymer polyvinyl chloride (PVC) is non-biodegradable.

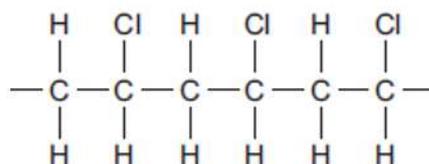
Give **one** problem caused by non-biodegradable polymers.

.....
.....

(1)

- (b) **Figure 1** shows a short section of a PVC molecule.

Figure 1



PVC is produced from a monomer that contains two carbon atoms.

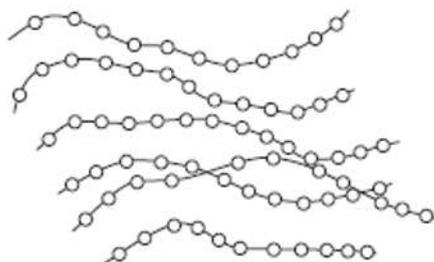
Complete the structure of the monomer.

C **C**

(2)

- (c) **Figure 2** represents a few short chains of PVC molecules.

Figure 2



Explain why PVC softens and melts when heated.

Use **Figure 2** and your knowledge of intermolecular forces to help you to answer the question.



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

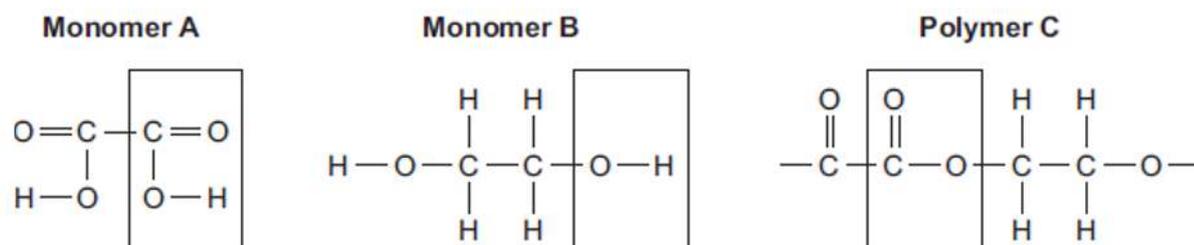
.....

(3)

(d) Monomer **A** and monomer **B** react to form polymer **C**.

The displayed structures of monomer **A**, monomer **B** and a short section of polymer **C** are shown in **Figure 3**. The functional group of each structure is shown in a box.

Figure 3



Complete the **Table** below by writing the names of the functional groups for monomer **A** and polymer **C**.

Table

	Name of functional group
Monomer A
Monomer B	alcohol
Polymer C

(2)

(Total 8 marks)



Q3.Crude oil is a fossil fuel.

(a) Describe how crude oil is separated into fractions.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(4)

(b) Fuel oil is one of the fractions from crude oil.

Power stations burn fuel oil to generate electricity. The waste gases from the combustion of fuel oil contain carbon dioxide, water vapour, sulfur dioxide and oxides of nitrogen.

The waste gases are passed through a suspension of limestone in water. Limestone is mainly calcium carbonate.

Suggest how the use of a suspension of limestone decreases one of the environmental impacts that the waste gases would cause.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



.....

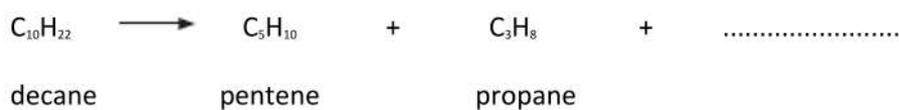
(3)

(c) Some fractions from crude oil contain large hydrocarbon molecules.

(i) Hydrocarbon molecules, such as decane, can be cracked to produce smaller, more useful molecules.

Write the correct formula of the third product to complete the chemical equation.

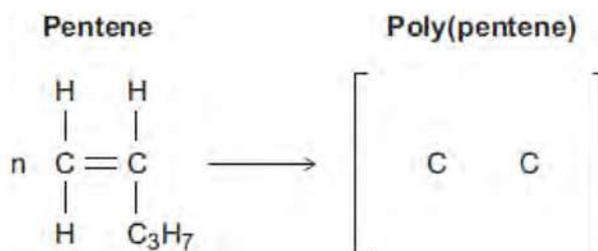
You do not need to give the name of this product.



(1)

(ii) Pentene is used to produce poly(pentene).

Complete the equation and the displayed structure of poly(pentene).



(3)

(iii) Some polymers are described as smart polymers.

Suggest **one** property of a smart polymer that is different to that of an ordinary polymer.

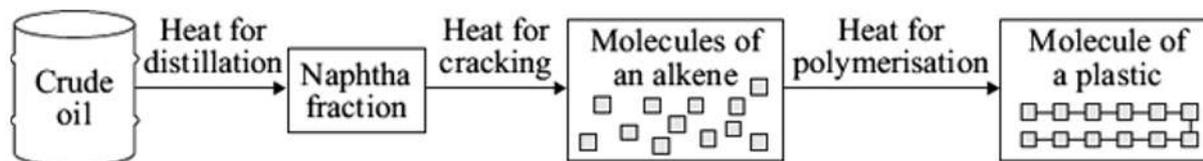
.....
.....

(1)

(Total 12 marks)



Q4. To make a plastic, such as poly(ethene), from crude oil involves many processes.



(a) Describe how crude oil is separated into fractions.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(2)

(b) Ethene is produced by cracking the hydrocarbons in the naphtha fraction.

(i) Balance the symbol equation for this reaction.



(1)

(ii) Describe how cracking is carried out.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(2)



(c) Alkanes, such as butane (C_4H_{10}), do **not** form polymers.

Alkenes, such as ethene (C_2H_4), do form polymers.

Explain these statements.

.....

.....

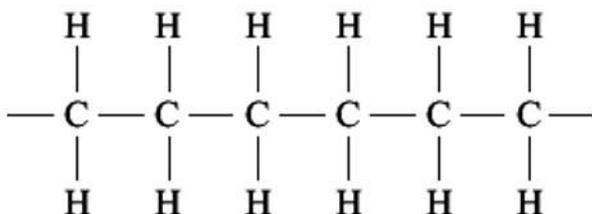
.....

.....

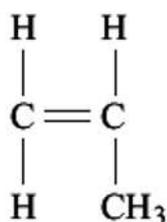
.....

(2)

(d) Ethene molecules form the polymer poly(ethene). One molecule in poly(ethene) will contain thousands of carbon atoms. The diagram represents part of a poly(ethene) molecule.



Propene molecules form the polymer poly(propene).



Propene molecule

Draw a diagram to represent part of a poly(propene) molecule.

(2)
(Total 9 marks)



Q5. (a) PEX is a material that is used as an alternative to copper for hot water pipes. PEX is made from poly(ethene).

(i) Describe how ethene forms poly(ethene).

.....
.....
.....
.....

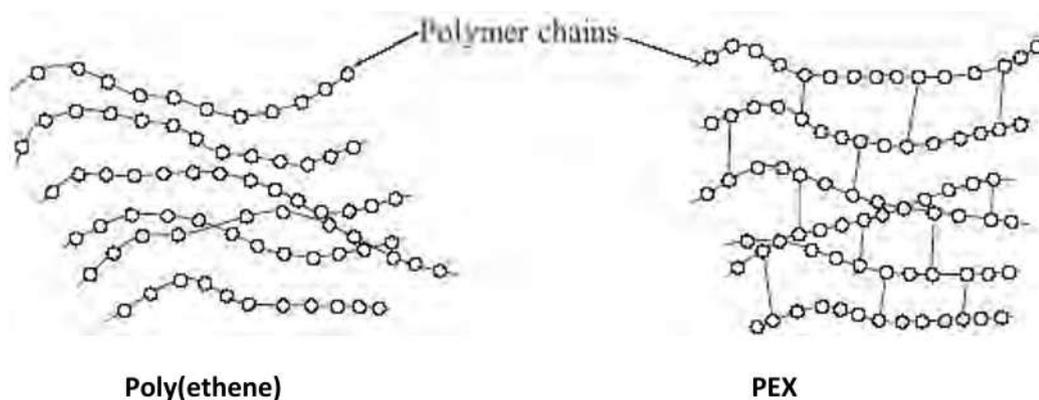
(2)

(ii) PEX is a shape memory polymer. What property does a shape memory polymer have?

.....
.....

(1)

(iii) The simplified structures of poly(ethene) and PEX are shown.



Poly(ethene) is a thermoplastic that softens easily when heated.

Suggest and explain how the structure of PEX changes this property.

.....
.....
.....



.....
.....

(3)

- (b) Copper was considered to be the most suitable material to use for hot water pipes. PEX is now used as an alternative material for hot water pipes.

Copper is extracted from its ore by a series of processes.

- 1 The low-grade ore is powdered and concentrated.
- 2 Smelting is carried out in an oxygen flash furnace. This furnace is heated to 1100 °C using a hydrocarbon fuel. The copper ore is blown into the furnace with air, producing impure, molten copper.
- 3 Oxygen is blown into the impure, molten copper to remove any sulfur. The copper is cast into rectangular slabs.
- 4 The final purification of copper is done by electrolysis.

PEX is made from crude oil by a series of processes.

- 1 Fractional distillation
- 2 Cracking
- 3 Polymerisation
- 4 Conversion of poly(ethene) into PEX

Suggest the possible environmental advantages of using PEX instead of copper for hot water pipes.

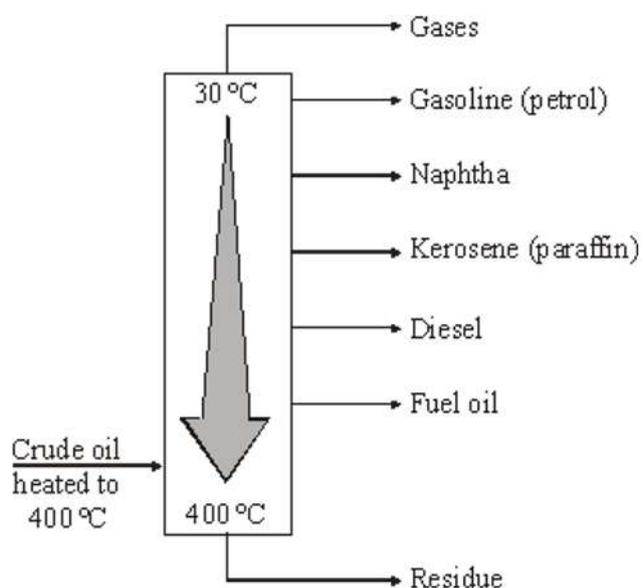
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

(4)

(Total 10 marks)



Q6. Crude oil is the source of many useful materials. Crude oil is separated into fractions by fractional distillation.



(a) Describe how the naphtha fraction separates from the other fractions.

.....

.....

.....

.....

(2)

(b) The naphtha fraction is often used to make other useful materials.

This involves the cracking of hydrocarbons in the naphtha fraction.

For example:



(i) Balance the symbol equation given above.

(1)

(ii) Describe how c



.....
.....
.....

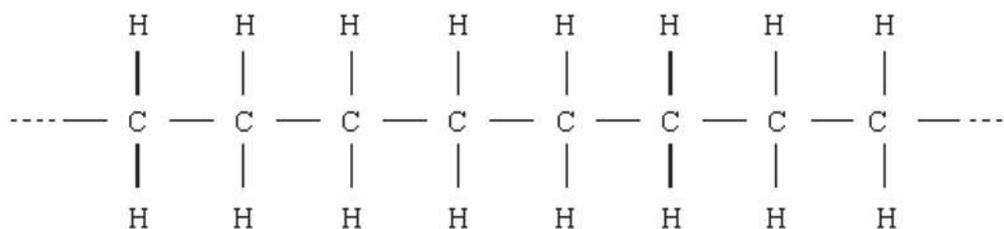
(2)

(iii) Why does ethene have different chemical properties from decane and hexane?

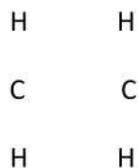
.....
.....
.....
.....

(2)

(c) Ethene is used as the starting material for many polymers. The most common polymer is poly(ethene). One hydrocarbon molecule in poly(ethene) will contain thousands of carbon atoms.



Complete the diagram to show the bonds in ethene.



(1)



(d) Read the following information.

Landfill, Incineration, Recycling and Re-use of Poly(ethene)

People could be encouraged to re-use their poly(ethene) bags and containers.

Recycling poly(ethene) saves raw materials and energy needed to make new plastic. When polymers are recycled the plastics must be collected, transported, sorted into different types by hand and washed. This requires the use of fossil fuels and is expensive.

Poly(ethene) can be burnt in an incinerator with other household waste. The heat released could be used to make steam to drive an electric generator. Surplus heat could be used to heat greenhouses used for growing vegetables. Incineration at too low a temperature can produce harmful substances. The residue (ash) has to go to landfill.

Landfill is probably the easiest way to dispose of polymers and it is cheap. Polymers are often mixed in with other household rubbish. Household waste does not get sorted into different materials because it is disposed of in the same hole in the ground. When the hole is eventually full, the waste is covered by a layer of soil to stop it smelling. The waste gets compressed under its own weight. Most polymers, such as poly(ethene), are not biodegradable so will remain in the ground forever.

You are asked to decide which option for the disposal of poly(ethene) will be put forward in your area. You decide that recycling is the best option.

Suggest **one** economic argument and **one** environmental argument that will be made against recycling.

For each argument made, how will you persuade those making the argument to accept your option?

(You must use only one sentence for each argument made against your decision and only one sentence for your response to it.)

.....

.....



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(4)
(Total 12 marks)